

# Undergraduate Exam

## CSE-304 Compiler Design

Fall '97

### Mid-term Exam

Oct 28, 1997.

Duration: 1 hours, 15 minutes.

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#### INSTRUCTIONS

Read the following carefully before answering any question.

- The exam for graduate students is different from the exam for the undergraduate students. Make sure you are reading the correct question paper.
- Doubts about the questions will be answered only in the first 15 minutes of the exam. So, read the questions carefully at the beginning of the exam.
- Keep your answers brief and precise.
- Answer each question on a separate sheet of paper. Write your name **and** your id number on the first sheet. Write your id number on the top right hand corner of each additional sheet.
- The exam consists of 2 pages and 6 questions, for a total of 100 points.

GOOD LUCK!

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1. [Total: 5 points] Of the different phases of language translation, list all phases that are common between compilers and interpreters.
2. [Total: 10 points] Let  $L_2$  be the set of all bit strings ( $i.e.$ , strings over alphabet  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ ) that are divisible by 4.
  - a. [5 points] Give a regular expression that describes  $L_2$ .
  - b. [5 points] Give an NFA that recognizes strings in  $L_2$ .

3. [Total: 20 points] We want to write a filter `Capitalize` that copies a text file from `stdin` to `stdout`, replacing every lowercase letter at the beginning of a sentence to the corresponding uppercase letter. Write (`f`)lex specifications to implement `Capitalize`. **DO NOT WRITE A C PROGRAM!**

Assume that every sentence ends with a period (“.”) and sentences may be separated by one or more white spaces (blanks, tabs or newlines). Also assume that there is a library function “`char uc case(char)`” that translates lowercase characters to uppercase (and returns the other characters unchanged). You need not translate the first sentence in the file.

4. [Total: 20 points] Consider the following grammar  $G_4$ :

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow a a S a b \\ &\rightarrow a b S a a \\ &\rightarrow \epsilon \end{aligned}$$

- a. [5 points] Compute `FIRST` of  $S$ .
- b. [5 points] Compute `FOLLOW` of  $S$ .
- c. [10 points] Is  $G_4$  an LL(1) grammar? Justify.

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5. [Total: 15 points] Consider the following grammar  $G_5$ :

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow \text{if Expr then } S \text{ else } S \\ S &\rightarrow \text{if Expr then } S \\ S &\rightarrow \text{other} \end{aligned}$$

a. [10 points] Is  $G_5$  SLR(1)? Justify.

b. [5 points] Can one build a recursive descent parser for  $G_5$ ? Justify.

6. [Total: 30 points] Consider the following grammar  $G_6$ :

$$\begin{aligned} E &\rightarrow E + E \\ E &\rightarrow E * E \\ E &\rightarrow id \end{aligned}$$

a. [10 points] Compute the collection of LR(0) sets of items for  $G_6$ .

b. [10 points] Construct the SLR(1) action table for  $G_6$ .

c. [10 points] Is  $G_6$  SLR(1)? If not, how can you modify  $G_6$  to get a grammar SLR(1) grammar  $G'_6$  such that  $G_6$  and  $G'_6$  represent the same language?

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END OF EXAM