

1.
Create table Party (

Name Char(20),

Leaders Char(20),

Platform Char(20),

Primary key (Name, Leaders); %% can't use foreign key here
%% use Assertion, see below.

Create table Voter (

Id Integer,

Name Char(20),

Primary key (Id); %% can't use foreign key here, see below

Create table Voting (

VoterId Integer,

PartyName Char(20),

Time Time,

Primary key (VoterId), %% single Role key.

Foreign key VoterId references Voter(Id),

Foreign key PartyName references Party(Name);

Create Assertion PartyinVoting % Participation Constraint
check (Not Exists (

Select * from Party P
Where Not Exists (

Select * from Voting V
Where P.Name = V.PartyName))

This Schema is NOT in 3NF.

Explain: Name \rightarrow Platform,

Name is not a superkey and

Platform is not a part of a key.

2.

$\pi_{PName, PName} (VOTER [Rid, PName]) \bowtie \sigma_{Rid=VoterId, Time='10:10:10'} (VOTING)$

\bowtie PARTY [PName, Leaders, Platform]
PartyId = PName

3.

%% Students who took courses

```
(Select S.StudId, AVG(T.Grade)
from Student S, Transcript T
Where S.StudId = T.StudId AND
      T.Semester = 'S2002'
Group By S.StudId)
```

UNION

%% Students who did not take anything in S2002.

```
(Select S.StudId, NULL
from Student S
Where S.StudId NOT IN
  (Select T.StudId
   From Transcript T
   Where T.Semester = 'S2002'))
```

4.

Step 1: Split right-hand sides:

$$ZY \rightarrow X$$

$$ZY \rightarrow W$$

$$YX \rightarrow V$$

$$YX \rightarrow U$$

$$Z \rightarrow U$$

$$U \rightarrow Y$$

$$X \rightarrow U$$

Step 2: Minimize the left-hand sides:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} Z \rightarrow U \\ U \rightarrow Y \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow Z \rightarrow Y \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} ZY \rightarrow X \\ ZY \rightarrow W \end{array} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} Z \rightarrow X \\ Z \rightarrow W \end{array}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} U \rightarrow Y \\ X \rightarrow U \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow X \rightarrow Y \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} YX \rightarrow V \\ YX \rightarrow U \end{array} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} X \rightarrow V \\ \boxed{X \rightarrow U} \end{array} \text{ (duplicate, removed)}$$

Step 3: Remove redundant FDs.

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} Z \rightarrow X \\ X \rightarrow U \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow Z \rightarrow U \quad \text{so } Z \rightarrow U \text{ is redundant.}$$

The final result is .

$$Z \rightarrow X$$

$$Z \rightarrow W$$

$$X \rightarrow V$$

$$X \rightarrow U$$

$$U \rightarrow Y$$

5. Yes. It is lossless.

$$Z Y X W \wedge Z X V U = Z X, \text{ and } (Z X)_F^+ = \{Z, X, W, V, U, Y\},$$

So $Z X \rightarrow Z Y X W$ (or $Z X V U$).